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EVEN TURKEY DISGUSTED.

NO PROSPECT THAT THE CRETAKS WILL YIELD TO THE POWERS.

The Blockade Severely Maintained, but Still the Greeks Steal Through with an Oceastonal Cargo-Provisions Are Scarce Inland and the Christians Are Suffering-Blockade of Greece Deferred or Abandoned. Special Cable Desputches to THE SUN.

CANEA, April 7. - With the exception of a fight putside of Candia, in which the Christians were repulsed with a heavier loss than they inflicted on the Moslems, there has been little or no

change in the situation to-day. There seems to be at present no prospect of the impasse being vercome by the powers, and even the Turks are becoming disgusted with the situation. Reports from the interior show that the scarcity of provisions is becoming greater daily,

and that there is much suffering among the Christians, who are now practically the only residents outside the coast towns. The blockade is maintained with severity, but,

despite this fact. Greek sailors manage occasionally to run in a cargo of ammunition and food supplies. Of course no sufficient supply from this source can be received, and, unless the powers specific come to some arrangement and the blockade be raised, the suffering will be-

Fighting of a somewhat serious nature occurred to-day between the Christians and Turks outside of Candia. The insurgents, who were numerically stronger than the Turks, attacked the outposts of the latter from four points at The Turks made a strong fight and succeeded in holding their positions. Their loss was only two killed, while the loss of the insurgents was eleven killed.

The insurgents at Kissamo have sent a letter to the foreign Admirals, warning them of their intention to attack the fort at that place. The Turkish garrison displays no inclination to have any further fighting with the Christians, and has asked to be relieved. It is likely that in view of the circumstances a strong force will be placed in the fort, and it is not beyond probability that international troops will be despatched to garrison the place.

LONDON, April 7 .- Several reports concur that the intention of the powers to establish a blockade of Greece has been abandoned, while other reports have it that the blockade has only been further deferred.

The Canea correspondent of the Daily News telegraphs that the commission appointed to inquire into the arming of the Moslem refugee who made the attack on Saturday upon the Christians on the peninsula of Akrotiri has completed its investigation.

It finds that the Turkish officials acted in a straightforward manner and had not distrib-uted arms to the populace since Feb. 22. The charge made by Col. Vassos, the commander of the Greek army of occupation, that arms had been furnished to the refugees from Selino and Kandamos, was disproved.

The Standard's Canes correspondent says that while Admiral Harris, the commander of the British fleet in Cretan waters, was walking in the fields near Suda he was shot at by a Bashi zouk. The bullet from the rifle of the Moslem oughed the ground at the feet of the Admiral This is the third time that an attempt has been ade upon the life of the British Admiral. another occasion a Christian, whose brother had been killed by the fire from the warships, attempted to shoot him while he was passing along

the Suda road.
London, April 7.—The Cabinet met in council to-day and held an unusually protracted sitting.

TURKEY IMPATIENT. It Wants the Powers to Hasten the Appe

ment of a Governor of Crete. CONSTANTINOPLE, April 7.- The Porte has decided to request the powers to hasten the appintment of a Governor of the island of Crete and put an end to the present situation in that

erritory.

The Turkish officials at Salonica have made a of war between Turkey and Greece.

BERLIN, April 7 .- A despatch to the Cologne Gazette from Constantinople says that the powers have instructed their diplomatic representatives there to decide among themselves in regard to the appointment of a temporary military Governor for Crete.

WARNING THE PORTE.

The Powers Call Attention to the Danger Attitude of the Moslems.

CONSTANTINOPLE, April 7.-The several Em bassies here to-day made concerted represents tions to the Porte concerning the dangerous at titude of the Mohammedan population in several of the Aziatic provinces, and warning the vernment to guard against the outbreak of

They also demanded that the Porte remove several provincial officials whose conduct they deemed inimical to the preservation of peace.

TWO DAYS OF CELEBRATING. One Day Did Not Suffice for the Enthusiasti

Greeks. ATHENS. April 7.—Throughout the night great crowds of people thronged the streets cheering and calling for war, and these demonstrations were continued until long into the forenoon. serous meetings were held during the morn ing, and the speakers' demand for war were ingored with hearty unanimity by their cheering auditors. The celebration of the independence anniversary may be said to have extended throughout two days and a night without abate-ment.

The national fête was celebrated at Larnaca The national fete was celebrated at Larnaca, tained of Cyprus, yesterday, amid the greatest excitement. At the various meetings which were held there resolutions were unanimously adopted demanding a union of Cyprus and Crete with Greece, and in the evening a torchight procession paraded the streets bearing banners and transparencies with inscriptions of similar tenor.

It is asserted here that the powers are certain tenforce the blockade of the Gulf of Athens.

Mrs. Ormiston Chaut Going to Crete.

LONDON. April 7.-A number of well-known English ladies, among them Mrs. Ormiston Chant, the reformer, who some time ago led the crusade of the Social Purity party against the London music halls, have arranged to co-operate with the nurses of the Red Cross Society, and will leave London for Crete to-morrow for that

No More Italian Troops for Crete. Rome, April 7.-The Italian Government is disinclined to send reinforcements of troops to Crete, and it now seems probable that no more Toulos. April 7.—Three hundred infantry will embark from here to-morrow to reinforce the French troops in Crete.

HUSBAND POISONING.

Another Centre of the Mania Discovered in Hungary-Seven Women Arrested.

VIENNA, April 7.-A husband-poisoning mania. dentical with that which was discovered at Hemezie, where almost all the women of the village are accused of making away with their histainis by the use of arsonic, has developed at Miskolez, in Central Hungary. Twenty-three cases of poisoning have been traced, and seven women have been arrested on the charge of murder.

KRUEGER'S GRANDSON.

The President Preparing to Make Things Hot for the Rash Young Man.

PRETORIA, April 7.-President Krueger has erdered the formation of a special court to try Licut. Floff, his grandson, who was recently suspended from duty for using language that was insulting to Queen Victoria.

GAMBLER SHOOTS GAMBLER.

Probably Fatal Encounter in a Tendericin Saloon-The Aggressor Caught. Benjamin Levy, a gambler and race track tout,

who is also known as George Wood and Sheeney George, was shot and dangerously wounded in Bartley J. Clancy's saloon, on the northeast corner of Sixth avenue and Twenty-ninth street, at 11 o'clock last night.

Wood was standing at the bar talking with Clancy and Louis Kaufman of 125 West Twenty-eighth street, when Guy Roche, 23 years old, another Tenderloin tout, entered the saloon by the Twenty-ninth street entrance.

Without saying a word Roche drew a revolver and began shooting at Wood. He aimed at Wood's head, and the first shot struck two inches beneath the left ear.

The wounded man staggered forward, facing Roche, and as he did so Roche lowered the re-volver, took deliberate aim at Wood's heart, and fired a second shot, that lodged in Wood's left breast.

The men in the saloon ran for cover at the first shot. Roche fired a third shot just as Wood was falling, and it struck the mirror behind the bar, smashing it. Then Roche calmly walked out the side door, leaving Wood lying on the

Clancy, the proprietor, recovered his wits as Roche disappeared through the door and ran after him. Roche had only gone a few feet when Clancy sprang on him and seized the revolver. The men wrestled, but Clancy managed to get the pistol just as Policeman Schultz

Schultz took Roche over toward the West Thirtieth street station, meeting Capt. Chapman and Detectives Caddell and Welch on the way.

and Defectives Caddell and welco on the way. Welch took charge of Roche, while the Captain, with Caddell and Schultz, hastened to the scene of the shooting.

They found that Wood had been taken into the office of Dr. Urban G. Hitchcock at 51 West Twenty-ninth street, adjoining the saloon. The wounded man was lying on a couch. He was conscious, and remarking that there was something in his mouth he opened it and a builet dropped out.

conscious, and remarking that there was something in his mouth he opened it and a bullet dropped out.

An ambulance took Wood to the New York Ht. .jtal. He is in a critical condition. At midnight a Coroner was summoned to take his antemortem statement.

Roche, when asked in the station house why he had shot Wood, replied:

"Well, he started out to kill me, and I did the best I could to stop him."

He said later that he and Wood had quarrelled over a poker game in Sixth avenue, run by Johnny Ackerman, known as Johnny-on-the Spot. That was on Friday night, and Roche said that Wood threatened to shoot him.

Wood, who is 48 years old, lived at 123 West Thirty-second street.

Roche told the police that he did not know how many shots he had fired. He said that after the quarrel over the poker game on Friday, he had not seen Wood until Sunday night, when he met him outside of Clancy's saloon. When he spoke to Wood the latter made a kick at him.

"I heard later that he was going to shoot me

at him.
"I heard later that he was going to shoot me on sight," said Roche. "I had no revolver, but went and got one. When I entered the saloon to-night Wood came toward me and put his hand back toward his hip pocket. I thought he was going to shoot and I fired at him."

A MILLION FOR EACH FRANCHISE. H. J. Braker's Offer to the City for the Sixth

and Eighth Avenue Lines. Charles Henry Butler, a lawyer of 1402 Broadway, sent out a letter last night in which he stated that his client, H. J. Braker, had made an offer to the Mayor, Comptroller, and other city officials to take over the franchises of the Sixth and Eighth avenue surface roads, in case the city buys them. Mr. Braker, he said, was willing to pay \$1,000,000 each for the franchises, and as an earnest of good faith to deposit \$100,000 worth of bonds with the city.

In an address, which he has prepared to the Mayor, Aldermen, Comptroller, and the Comoners of the Sinking Fund, Mr. But ier gives his reasons why the city should accept his client's offer or expose the franchise for sale at public auction. He says that the franchise was entirely under the control of the city, and that the parties now operating the roads are practically only tenants at will for a mere nominal rental; also that the present owners, having acquired the roads with full knowledge of the condition of the franchises, cannot claim that the city should not exercise undoubted right to re-enter, as that was one of the risks they assumed when they acquired the stock of the companies; also

they acquired the stock of the companies; also if the city does not avail itself of the right to do so again, because the changing of the motive power of the roads would so add to the cost as to practically nullify the city's rights.

In a second address to the same city officials Mr. Braker says that in addition to the sum of \$1.000,000 for each franchise he will pay whatever sum the city gives for the roads, and 3 per cent. of the gross receipts of the roads for the first five years and 5 per cent, thereafter. He also agrees to accept transfers from all connecting roads.

ing roads.

Mr. Braker is an importer whose place of business is at 95 William street. He lives at 146 West Seventy-second street.

ELECTRIC CARS IN EIGHTH AVENUE Commissioner Collis Decides to Grant the

Commissioner of Public Works Collis decided esterday to grant a permit to the Metropolitan Traction Company to tear up the streets neces sary to change the motive power of the Eighth avenue surface road from horses to electricity. The application for a permit to tear up Sixth avenue is still under consideration, but as it asks for practically the same thing as the Eighth avenue line Gen. Collis will probably act favorably upon it.

A number of representatives of the City Club and the Knights of Labor protested against the granting of these permits on the ground that a change of motive power might interfere with the right of the city to acquire these roads under the provisions of their charters, which provide that they must file a statement of the cost of each mile with the Comptroller, and that the city may at any time have the privilege of buy-ing the lines for their actual cost plus 10 per

cent.

The Corporation Counsel, however, has held informally that a change from horses to electricity would not prejudice the rights of the city. He also stated that there was no statuc in existence under which the city could issue the bonds necessary for the purchase of the roads. Since then a bill has been introduced in the Legislature permitting the city to issue such bonds.

bonds.

Mayor Strong, to whom numerous protests have been made against allowing the motive power of these lines to be changed, will discuss the matter this afternoon with some of the representatives of the Knights of Labor.

WOMEN TO "FIND THINGS OUT." Five of 'Em, Discreet and Mature, to Aid a

PLAINFIELD, N. J., April 7 .- Five women o Westfield have been appointed by the Board of Education in that place to assist the board in the management of the schools. At a meeting of the board last night, Harry Knight, one of the new embers, introduced a resolution providing that "five ladies of discreet and mature age" pointed as a visiting committee. Mr. Knight said that the women could call on the teachers and ascertain facts which the teachers would not tell the regular members of the board. Mr. Welles also championed the women's cause, and intimated that of late there had been "goings on" in school circles that were not strictly proper. He thought that the women visitors would be able to ferret out these little "doings" with much satisfaction to the other members. Samuel Reese said that he was unalterably opposed to any system that resembled spying, and furthermore he did not think the board had any right to delegate its authority. Mr. Fink also opposed the resolution, and said that when the constitutional amendment extending to women the suffrage on school matters became a law that was time chough for women "to stick their noses in." On a vote the board found itself evenly divided—4 in favor and 4 against. Chairman John B. Green cast the deciding vote in fanot tell the regular members of the board. Mr.

man John B. Green cast the decidit vor of the resolution. He is the Westfield women to-day. Commencing Monday, April 12, 1897, D., L. & W. R. B. will run through Buffet sleeping cars to Chicago, leaving New York daily at 7:30 P. M., arriving in Chicago 9:00 P. M. following day. Dining car service west of Buffalo.—ddts.

CLUBS MUST PAY THE TAX.

REPUBLICAN SENATE CAUCUS SO DE-CIDES BY A VOTE OF 17 TO 13.

Besolution Adopted Making the Action of the Caucus Binding, Whereupon Lamy and Davis of Buffalo and Wieman of Brooklyn Bolt-Stebert Stays as a Spectator -An Amendment for Eree Lunches Adopted.

ALBANY, April 7.-The Republican Senators went into conference at the Capitol again this evening on the Raines law amendments, with the understanding that the meeting, unlike that of last night, was to be a formal caucus, whose decisions should be binding on those participat ing. The only absentees were Senator Mullin, whose law partner, Daniel G. Griffin of Water town, has just died, and Senator Page, who was ill. Senator White of Syracuse, who presided last night, took the chair, and Senator Ellsworth offered a resolution providing that the caucus should be binding on the participants. In speaking to this resolution he argued that the Republican party in the State was committed to the principle of the amendments and that they should be adopted to carry out the intention of the Raines law.

Senators Lamy of Buffalo, Wieman of Brook lyn, and Davis of Buffalo stated briefly that they must refuse to abide by the decision of the caucus if it decided in favor of the amendment providing for a tax on all clubs. When the resolu-tion of Senator Ellsworth was adopted these

three bolted the caucus and left the building. Senator Setbert of Buffalo then took the floor and asked that he be excused from the caucus rule. There was considerable discussion over this proposition, and it was argued by severa Senators that if Seibert were excused it might be found necessary to excuse others who opposed the club amendment.

Senator Higgins of Olean declared that any Senator who bolted the caucus would read him self out of the Republican party. The Raines law, he said, was a cardinal principle of the par ty and called for the support of all Republicans. Senators Wray of Brooklyn, Pavey of New York, and Lexow of Nyack opposed this conten

It was finally agreed that Senator Selber should remain in the caucus, with the under standing that he should not vote or take any part in the discussion, and should not be bound by the result. This point settled, Senator Krum of Schoharie

county moved that the caucus proceed at once to discuss the amendment providing for a tax on clubs. That was the real bone of contention. The other amendments were practically free from objection on the part of anybody.

In order that the caucus should not become involved in a wrangle over the phraseology of these sections, he moved that the discussion be directed first to the general policy of taxing clubs, without distinction as to the purposes for which they were organized.

This was agreed to, and Senator Ford opened the ball. He argued earnestly in favor of taxing fake clubs, but not bona fide ones. He suggested his amendments for distinguishing between them. These provide that no club may be in the same building with a saloon; that no liquor seller and none of his blood relatives may be an officer in any club, and that before a club may sell liquor without a license it must secure a certificate as to its bona fides to be issued by the State Excise Commiss upon an order of the Supreme Court, which should be the judge of its sons fides. Senator Ford argued that these amendments would afford a satisfactory and practicable differentia

tion between legitimate and fake clubs. Senator Lexow made a speech against the tax ing of legitimate clubs, but he did not commit

himself to Ford's amendments. Senator Pavey took the position that the general policy of the State in regard to the liquor traffic had been determined by the passage of the Raines law, which he opposed. The present question was whether that policy should be carried out justly or unjustly. Fake clubs were unjust to saloon keepers who had complied with the law in letter and spirit.

The exemption of clubs from taxation imposed the rich man who belongs to a club. It was impossible in any event to make a fair distinction etween legitimate and fake clubs. Therefor he favored the club tax as it stood.

At 12:15 it was agreed to take a vote on the roposition to tax clubs indiscriminately. Nearly every Senator rose to make a speech when his name was reached on the rollcall, and the discussion was kept up for almost an hour.

The vote was very close, and the amendment to tax clubs was finally adopted by a vote of 17 to 13. The votes of the three Senators who bolted would have all but tied the score, Scibert's vote in addition would actually have

tied it. Those who voted for the club tax were Brown, Brush Chaboon, Daley, C. Davis, Ellsworth, Highbie, Higgins, Humphrey, Johnson, Krum, Nussbaum, Pavey, Raines, Shephard, Strans han, and Tibbitts. Those who voted against it were Brackett, Burns, Coggeshall, Ford, Grant, Harrison, Lexow, Malby, Parsons, Stewart White, Wilcox, and Wray.

The bill as a whole was then adopted as a The bill was amended to permit free lunches o

RAINES LAW CLUB AMENDMENT. Mr. Lauterbach Strongly Opposed to the Pro-

President Edward Lauterbach of the Repubican County Committee was busy yesterday trying to secure a postponement of caucus action on the Liquor Tax law amendments by the Republican State Senators until to-morrow night. Mr. Lauterbach expects to go to Albany to-day to look after the interests of the local quarters to secure a compromise on the ciu amendment. It is his belief, in the first in-stance, that there is no necessity for the pro-posed legislation and that it ought not to be enacted. If, however, the country members are bound to amend the law he believes that there should be no distinction or partiality in the club matter, and that all disponsers of liquor should be put on an equal footing.

MORE DISPENSARY LAW.

South Carolina's Supreme Court Divides Evenly on an Important Liquor Case.

COLUMBIA, S. C., April 7 .- South Carolina's Supreme Court is composed of four Justices. If they divide evenly on an appeal from a lower court, the latter holds. They divided to-day on the appeal of Anderson Chastain, found suilty of having two gallons of liquor in his possession without a discensary tag and sentenced to \$100 fine or three months in the chain gang. These was no evidence that he concemplated seiling the liquor. It was admitted he was in ill health and had it for medicinal purposes.

Justices Jones and Pope sustained the lower court. Chief Justice McIver and Justice Gary rendered dissenting opinions. Justice McIver holds that under the State law it is not lilegal to have untagged liquor in one's house; that the decision of the lower court in this case is in direct conflict with that of the United States Supreme Court in Danald vs. Scott. Justice Gary says sustaining of the lower court makes it unlawful for a person to take a drink of whiskey unless it comes from the dispensary. of having two gallons of liquor in his possession

TRIED SUICIDE WITH A WIRE. Gilligan Found Enceling Nearly Bend in Vacant Lot.

Martin Gilligan of 311 East Seventieth street tried to commit suicide in a vacant lot at Seventh avenue and Gansevoort street last night by strangling himself with a wire, the end of which he fastened to a dump cart. A policeman saw him kneeling on the ground. He was nearly dead. He was taken to St. Vincent's Respital, where, it is thought, he will recover.

RHODE ISLAND REPUBLICAN. Dyer Elected Governor by 10,000 Plurality-

PROVIDENCE, R. I., April 7.—Gen. Elisha Dyer, Republican, was elected Governor of Rhode Island to-day by about 10,000 plurality. The demoralized and disorganized Democrats made no fight, and what Democratic votes were cast were deposited by men who came to the polls without urging. Daniel T. Church, the Demo cratic nominee for Governor, carried his own town, his neighbors giving him a complimentary vote. Mr. Church knew that he was leading a forlorn hope when he accepted the Democratic nomination. The only contests of moment were Republican faction fights which occurred in this city, East Greenwich, and Westerly. In East Greenwich there was open bribery, the ruling price for votes being \$10. Only 562 votes were cast in the town, and it is estimated that \$2,900 was spent by both sides.

The Republican machine Assembly ticket was slaughtered in this city. A combination Democratic and independent ticket was headed by Col. R. H. I. Goddard, one of the wealthiest mon in the city, who was the candidate for State Senator. He is a Republican, but joined the movement against the machine, and was elected by an overwhelming plurality. The election of this ticket will change the personnel of the Gen-eral Assembly very materially. For years the Legislature has been in absolute control of the Republican machine and its every act was dicated by the outsiders who managed things.

The falling off in the general vote was par-ticularly noticeable in the Democratic wards and it was demonstrated that the followers of the Democratic party need more time to recover from the effects of Clevelandism and Bryanism.

WOMEN VOTERS TRIUMPH.

enver Female Politicians Went on a Still Hun and Secured a Victory.

DENVER, Col., April 7.-Woman suffragists are taking satisfaction in the final returns of the city election which came in late this morning, confirming beyond doubt the fact that their side had captured every office on the city ticket. For a time it was supposed that two well known boodlers had been returned, but Sheriff Webb caught both of them red handed destroyng ballots that had been taken from the boxes This effectually destroys hopes of their election The story of the nomination of the woman's ticket has never been told, for it was regarded in the light of a joke on the new voter, with her crude ideas of politics, but the laugh is on the veteran politicians, who admit having spent

\$30,000 to boost candidates. The women started a still hunt when they first discussed a ticket chose their candidates from reports submitted by women investigators, and then exacted pledges and resignations in ad-

vance. In every precinct women were prepared to vote their entire households. The campaign was so quiet that leaders of rival factions were misled, for even their house to house canvass failed to reveal the truth. Many women inti-

mated to the canvassers that they would vote the old party ticket. The result is that Denver will soon have a water plant costing not more than three millions. The city is paying a private corporation

OUT OF QUAY'S CONTROL.

senting an investment of \$15,000,000.

ennsylvania's House of Representatives Be fuses to Obey the Sepator's Wishes.

HARRISBURG, Pa., April 7 .- Senator Quay has not been entirely successful in his mission here, so far as the control of the House of Representatives is concerned. He had hoped to get recalcitrant members in line, and believed he could map out a programme for the House to follow during the remainder of the session. There was about dant evidence in to-day's proceedings to show that he has failed.

Not only did the "seventy-sixers" unite sol idly on the Crothers Nnti-Trust bill, but they were so aggressive and strong that all the Quayites so aggressive and strong that all the Quayites in the House, with the exception of four, fell in with them. Weeks ago members were told that this measure must be defeated, and Mr. Crothers himself was apprehensive of the final vote. But only Messrs, Bolles, Speaker Boyer, Woodruff, and Zehnder, all of Philadelphia, registered their and Zehnder, all of Philadelphia, registered their opposition. A leading Quay man said to-day:

"The House has got away from the Sonator and he won't get it back. I never dreamed that such a condition would develop. We can't count any more on any Democrat help; see how the Democrats voted with the 'antis' on the resolution to abolish the Philadelphia Public Buildings Commission and the Anti-Trust bill. The House is enjoying the biles of doing as it pleases. It has no leader and it will not have a boss."

Senator Quay, recognizing this state of affairs.

pleases. It has no leader and it will not have a boss."

Senator Quay, recognizing this state of affairs as to the House, relies upon the Senate to kill or the Governor to veto bills that he may not want; and he also relies upon the Gubernatorial and Senatorial influence to secure the passage of his reform measures. He has reason to fear the fate of some of them, especially the Civil Service bill, against which all his opponents and some of his supporters are arrayed.

Senator Quay had another conference with the Governor this afternoon and for an hour discussed the condition of things in the Leg islature and the character of the legislation that ought to be approved or vetoed. There is no doubt that the Governor and Senator Quay are acting in harmony and that the Governor will do about what the Beaver chieftain desires. Senator Quay denies that any slate for the State ticket has been fixed, but it is accepted among well-informed politicians that James S. Beacom of Westmoreland will be the candidate for State Treasurer, and Major Levi H. McCauley of Chester county for Auditor-General. It is said to-night that Senator Quey has plainly told the Governor that he is opposed to passing any apportionment bills at this session. He will return to Washington late to-night. has plainly fold the Governor that he is opposed to passing any apportionment bills at this ession. He will return to Washington late to-night. Several ward leaders from Philadelphia were here this evening to have a conference with Senator Quay. They are those who recently deserted David Martin, the anti-Quay leader.

WRECK OF THE STEAMER ASSAYE. Scotts-All Hands Saved.

YARMOUTH, N. S., April 7.—News has just been received here of the wreck of the big four masted steamship Assaye, Capt. Carruthers, of the Elder-Dempster line, from Liverpool to St John, N. B., on Blonde Rock, off Seal Island. The wreck took place on Monday noon during a heavy north gale. The vessel was going at full speed when she struck and at once began to fill

with water. When this was discovered the order to stand by the boats was immediately given. A stiff portheast wind and the strong current which was running off the island made the work of launching the boats exceedingly difficult. In attempting to bring the starboard lifeboat around to the lee side the boat's crew was swept off and could not make the ship again. After ten or twelve men had scrambled into the

other lifeboat it was also carried away. By this time the Island life-saving boat was on the way to the scene of the wreck. Before proceeding to the assistance of those on board the Assaye it made for the other two boats and towed them ashore. On reaching the wreck again the life-saving crew succeeded in taking off those remaining on board. All hands, sixtyfive in number, were safely landed. Some of the men experienced considerable discomfort, as they were in an open boat for many hours and were scantily clad.

The Assaye is fast breaking up, and is likely to be a total loss. She was built by Horton & Wolfe at Belfast in 1891, is 5,000 tons burden, and was considered one of the best freight steamers on the Atlantic. Heavy weather on the coast was the cause of the delay in the news of the disaster reaching the mainland.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 7-An ice plant for Alaska is the latest exemplification of the old arations are being made by the Pacific Coast Steamship Company to put a refrigerating plant into the steamer Topeka, which runs from Puget Sound to Alaskan ports as far north as Sitka. The Topeka now takes ice from Seattle for the whole trip,

IS RIUS RIVERA FREE?

REPORT THAT HE HAS BEEN RESCUED BY THE CUBANS.

t Is Said in Havana That They Attacked the Train That Was Taking Him to the Capital and Freed the Distinguished Prisoner-The Patriots Are Fighting Hard-Train Blown Up

HAVANA, April 7.-It is reported at a late bour that the insurgents attacked the train from San Cristobal to Havana in which Gen. Rius Rivers was being taken to the capital, and freed him. The report is persistently repeated, but up to the time I write no more details or any confir mation of the news can be obtained.

Col. Raoul Arango of the Cuban army has atacked the important town of Madruga, in the province of Havana, and entered it after a stubborn resistance by the garrison. He remained in the town some nours, and retired after his troops secured all the provisions and ammunition they needed. At the Cabanas fortress to-day, and in the place called foso de los laureles, Anastasio Robau and Floro Ramirez were shot. They were insurgent

A train from Bermeia in this province, with s letachment of Spanish soldiers aboard, was blown up by the insurgents this morning. Two Spanish officers were killed and many privates were wounded.

A despatch from Madrid says that La Correspondencia de Espana bitterly attacks in an editorial the Cuban Revolutionary Junta of New York, insulting Senor Palma and Senor Guerra and saying that the Cubans in the United States are very much divided by internal quarrels, The article is said to have been inspired by

the Spanish Government to efface the great sensation produced in Madrid by the news of the successful landing of three expeditions in Cuba from the United States. The financial situation in Havana grows worse. A five-dollar gold piece is worth \$9 in

GEN. SANGUILY ARRESTED.

Charged in Jacksonville, Fla., with Fitting Out a Filibustering Expedition.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla.: April 7.—The presence of den. Sanguily in Jacksonville, and the reports that he was engaged in fitting out another fillbustering expedition, resulted to-day in his arrest. The warrant was issued upon the affldavit of Spanish Vice-Consul Juan Potous, who charged Gen. Sanguily and Col. Lechuga with fitting out and setting on foot an expedition to be carried to Cuba on the steamer Bermuda, which was to have sailed on the night of April 4, but which was prevented from doing so by the

ruiser Veauvius. The United States Marshal served the warran to-day, and Sanguily and Lechuga were taken n custody, but were soon released on bond, as the Government atterneys were not ready to consider the case. Gen. Sanguily was ready, and urged the Commissioner to go on with the nearing. The Commissioner gave the Government one day to get its witnesses, and set the preliminary examination for 10 o'clock tomorrow morning. The Cubans are indig-nant at the arrest, and it looked at one time to-day as if there would be trouble between the Cubans and the Spanish spics. There are a dozen or more spies now here watching the Cubans and it will be a hard matter to get an expedition

out from this region.

Gen. Sanguily said to day that he had nothing to do with the alleged Bermuda expedition and that he has no intention of returning to Cuba. He has given his promise not to return and will

SPAIN CLAIMS A VICTORY.

keep his word.

the Says She Has Badly Trounced the Philippine Insurgents. MADRID, April 7.-A despatch received to-day from Manila, capital of the Philippine Islands, says that the Spanish troops have captured the town of San Francisco, Malabong, where nearly all the insurgents who are continuing their resistance to the Government had taken refuge. The insurgents fought desperately to maintain their position, but were finally routed with

enormous losses. Large numbers of the insurgents who were not wounded escaped into the interior in an utterly demoralized condition. Another report says that military operations against the Philippine insurgents are about to be susponded because of the lack of Spanish

WEYLER IN PUERTO PRINCIPE. He Inspects the Whole Line of the Central

forces to continue the campaign.

HAVANA, April 7 .- After leaving his staff at Las Tunas, Captain-General Weyler continued with an adjutant to Jucaro, the southern end of the central trocha. He traversed the fortified line for its full length, passing through Ciego de Avila. He is now returning to Las Tunas, and it is believed that he will go to Sancti Spiritus.

ROOSEVELT'S SUCCESSOR.

Mayor Strong Resents Instinuations of a Dicke

Mayor Strong was reticent yesterday on the ubject of the appointment of a successor to Police Commissioner Roosevelt, who has been cominated for Assistant Secretary of the Navy, except to indicate to those who talked with him on the subject that he would probably appoint a new Police Commissioner as soon as Mr. Roosevelt's nomination is confirmed and not await the action of Gov. Black in the case of Commissioner

action of Gov. Black in the case of Commissioner Parker.

He was also quite emphatic in resenting the suggestion that the transfer of Sulway Commissioner Thomas L. Hamilton to the Police Board would be construed as the result of a deal with the regular Republican organization.

"There is not the slightest ground for such a suggestion or for the suggestion that I have entered into any deal in this matter," said the Mayor with some warmth. "No proposition looking to a deal has been made to me, and I certainly have made none. I have made no political dicker since I took office, and I do not purpose beginning now."

The Mayor said he had had only one personal application for the place and that was made two weeks before there was a possibility of a vacancy. Two or three men, he said, have been recommended to him for appointment, but he refused to say who they were.

It was suggested yesterday that the Mayor might shift Commissioner Sturgis from the Fire Board to the Police Board. This suggestion comes from the men who do not think the Mayor will appoint an organization Republican. Commissioner Sturgis is a Brookfield leader.

DR. GRAY WILL TAKE NO CHANCES. Bitten by a St. Bernard Bog, He Goes to Paris for the Pasteur Treatment.

Dr. Frank D. Gray of Jersey City, who was ditten on Sunday, March 28, by ex-Alderman Andrew T. Witter's St. Bernard dog Bruno, has decided to go to Paris for the Pasteur treatment. He will sail to-day in company with his wife. Dr. Gray had the dog sent to the Jersey City Veterinary Hospital, so that any develop ment of rables might be ascertained. Dr. Arrowsmith, the veterinary in charge, reported to Dr. Gray on Friday that the dog showed some symptoms of rables. Dr. Gray examined the dog himself and concluded that Dr. Arrowsmith was correct in his diagnosis. He then had the dog brought to the Health Department Veterin-

dog brought to the Health Department Veterinary Hospital in this city and placed in care of Dr. Ferguson.

After watching the dog three days without discovering any indication of rabies, Dr. Ferguson informed Dr. Gray that he did not believe the dog was mad. Dr. Gray decided, however, that he would not take any chances and made arrangements to go to Paris for treatment. His wounds have not healed and he has been unable to practice. When he arrives in Paris information about the dog's condition will be cabled to him. John Denning, a negro boy, who was also bitten by the dog, is at Christ Hospital in Jersey City and has almost recovered.

MORE CLUBS EXPEL "THE WORLD." It Is Ordered from the Files of the Metropolitan and Marmonte Clubs.

The Metropolitan Club at Fifth avenue and Sixtieth street has excluded the World from its reading room. The Harmonic Club, at 41 West Forty-second

street, one of the leading Hebrew organizations of the city, has ordered the World removed SPRINGFIELD, April 7.-The Navaset Club, the

eading social organization of this city, has taken the World from its files. The Westfield Public Library has excluded the World from its reading room.

DEATH CHAIR OUT OF ORDER.

treakdown of the Dynamo in a Final Test Preparatory to Milling Hans, COLUMBUS, O., April 7 .- William Hass was to have been put to death soon after midnight to night in the penitentiary here for the murder of Mrs. William Brader at Courdale on July 3 last.

It was to have been Ohio's first electrical execu-tion. All preparations had been made for the

execution, and Hass expected to die. While making a final test of the apparatus this evening one of the armature colls was burned out, although the voltage was not nearly so high as in former tests. The prisoners who had charge of the dynamo room are suspected of tampering with the machine, but they deny it. Gov. Bushnell decided to reprieve Haas until

4,000 MEN LOCKED OUT. The Illinois Steel Company Forestalls a Strike

CHICAGO, Ill., April 7.—The Illinois Steel Company's works at South Chicago were closed down to-day, shutting out 4,000 employees. action was taken by the management of the concern when it was learned that a strike had been ordered for to-day. They have been operate ing the steel mills for sev ral months under the sliding scale of wages, and the employees have been dissatisfied.

TORNADO STRIKES SOUTH DALLAS. The Power House of the Rapid Transit Bail-

Dallas, Texas. April 7.-A tornado struck South Dallas to-night. It levelled the power house of the Rapid Transit Railway, and injured. probably fatally, the engineer, John Johnson. Several cottages were blown down.

KILLED A BURGLAR. Charles C. Morgan of Cleveland, O., Has s

Fight with a Robber and Kills Him. CLEVELAND, O., April 7.-Charles C. Morgan f Newburg, part of Cleveland, had an encounter with a burglar shortly after midnight this morning, in which Morgan was badly pounded and the robber, who was Charles M. Nelson, was killed. Morgan's house is wired for a burglar

darm, and the alarm aroused him from sleep.

He took his revolver and went to the rear of the

house, where he discovered Nelson at work on a

window. Nelson felled Morgan with a blow

from a billy. Morgan recovered and fired four shots at his assailant, who left hurriered y. Morgan reported the matter to the police, and at 4 o clock the police found the budy of a man. Pring dead in a pool of water on Ætna street. There were four builet holes in the body, one through the heart. the heart.
At the inquest the remains were identified as those of Charles M. Nelson, formerly a motorman on the Wade Park line. In his possession were a billy, a dark lantern, and several skeleton keys. In the dead man's effects at his boarding house were found a number of love letters, some jewelry, a shotgun, which a nearby dealer identified as having been stolen from him, and a jimmy. Nelson came here two years ago from Paols, Kan.

SHOT BY CHICAGO ROBBERS. Three Men Disarm a Bartender in a Saloon Raid and One Shoots Him.

CHICAGO April 7.-Thwarted in their inten ion of robbery three men mortally wounded Thomas Cody, bartender in the saloon of Joseph Finley, 1946 Archer avenue, early this morning. Cody's resistance angered the robbers to such in extent that they disarmed him and with his Although the police station nearby was immediately communicated with the men escaped. Cody was busy at work when the highwaymen

Cody was busy at work when the highwaymen entered the saloon. In obedience to a command to maintain silence he turned about, to be confronted with a revolver thrust into his face. "Money, money," exclaimed one of the robbers, "is what we want; you ought to have plenty after election." Without a reply Cody sank to the floor, to convey the idea that he was faint from fright. He crawled to a drawer, and procured a revolver. The robbers, although armed, fell back a moment when they saw Cody reappear revolver in hand. The bartender fired one shot without effect before his weapon was seized.

MISSING ARCHITECT FOUND DEAD. Body of A. J. Beardeley of Wakefield Dis

ered tu a Swamp. Some boys who were playing in the woods in Woodlawn, near Yonkers, last evening, saw the body of a man in the swamp on Virco avenue, They told the agent at Woodlawn, who informed Roundsman Delaney of the Kingsbridge police. The body was that of a man 55 years old. It was identified from papers found in the pocket as Albert J. Beardsley, who left his home in Wakefield on Dec. 16 to go to Tremont, and was not heard from afterward.

He was an architect, and was a native of Charleston, S. C. Mrs. Beardsley, his widow, lives at 9 Elm street, Mount Vernon, now. She was notified by the police to call and identify the body of her husband.

Story of an Attempted "Strike" in Insurance

Legislation at Harrisburg. HARRISBURG, Pa., April 7 .-- A large number of insurance bills are pending in the Legislature which seriously affect the insurance companies. These bills are known in legislative parlance as 'squeezers." It was said to-day that a proposition was made to those representing the insurobjectionable bills would be wiped off the calendar. This offer was rejected, it is said, with the statement that persons back of the holdup bills night do their worst; that the insurance com-panies would rely upon the Governor and the courts to protect their legitimate enterprises.

PALSE BURGLAR ALARM IN A BANK. It Went Off After Midnight, and Called Severa

Cops, Who Found No Thieves. The burgiar alarm in the Nineteenth Ward Bank, at Fifty-seventh street and Third avenue, got out of order last night, and at 12:30 o'clock got out of order has hight, and at 12:300 choca it went off, ringing a big gong in the East Fifty-first street police station.

Several policemen hustled up Third avenue and went through the bank building. After convincing themselves that nothing was wrong in the bank, they returned to the station.

STANDARD OIL GOES HIGHER. The Liquidating Certificates Sold at 398 Yes

terday, the Record So Far. Standard Oil liquidating certificates made a new record yesterday, selling at 293, an advance of 5 points over the highest price of the day before. A rumor that was current during the day was that when the liquidation of the com-pany is finally accomplished there may be a decided increase of stock in the succeeding cor-

Building Commissioner Brush of Brooklyn has

given the Arbuckle Bros. a permit for the erection of their new sugar refinery on the block bounded by Jay, John, and Pearl streets and the bounded by Jay, John, and Pearl streets and the East River. There are to be three separate structures, four, eight and ten stories in height respectively, and the cost is estimated at \$600, 000. Work on the buildings has been aiready

## WORLD BLACKMAILING.

PRICE TWO CENTS.

Exposure of the "Expert" Employed to Raid the Gas Companies.

## HIS OFFER TO STO? THE RAID.

Was the Silencing of Pulitzer's Agent to Include the Silencing of Pulitzer?

Fac-Similes of Letters Written by the World's Agent, H. M. Cross, After the World Rad Begun Its Assault Upon the Gas Companies -" I Am Still Free," He Said, "to Act Wholly in Accordance with My Own Intercats"-" But Within a Day or Two, if Not Otherwise Engaged, I Shall Be Committed to Stay In to the End"-" Please Hold My Letter in Strictest Confidence"-His Offer Suprued by the Gas Companies, He West Before the Senate Committee for the World -Is This Merely One More in the Never-Ending Series of " Errors of Taste" Which Pulltger Admits to Be Inseparable from the Conduct of His Newspaper !- What Does the State Senate, Which Mas Just Passed a Gas-Raiding Bill, Think Now of the Advocate Whose Arguments It Beeded !- And How Will the Assembly Committee Receive Mim 9

THE SUN prints herewith certain correspondence that will undoubtedly be of very great interest to the Senate Committee before whom the New York World's famous gas expert, "Capt." Henry M. Cross, appeared and bitterly assailed the gas companies of this city. It will be of no less interest to the Assembly Committee on Electricity, Gas, and Water Supply, before whom the World's gas expert is to appear soon at Albany and repeat his assaults. It may relieve the minds of those persons who have followed the assaults on the gas companies of New York city, and who, knowing the character of the World, the chief assailant, have speculated as to the facts that led up to its ssault and as to the quality of the ammunition, It will at the same time give light to those deluded persons, if any there be, who have admired the World's "fight for cheap gas." The first half of this fight culminated in Albany when the World presented its case to the Senate Committee on Miscellaneous Corporations in the person of "Capt." Cross. Of him the World said:

For an hour and a half Capt. Cross held the attention of the committee while he presented fact after fact showing the cost of manufacturing and distribu tion of plant, and how vested interests would suffer no injustice if the gas companies, which now consti-tute a monopoly, are compelled by law to share some of their profits with a long-suffering public. The members of the committee asked frequent questions, and it was easy to see that the conserva-

tive, temperate statement of the World's experi "Capt." Henry M. Cross, it may be stated ere, had been in the employ of the World for ome time. He was employed prior to Jan. 1. As to the nature of the work he was employed to do, that was never publicly stated by the World. What he did do, together with the

correspondence presented, affords some light on the character of his even coment Just prior to the World's first assault on the gas companies, and at a time when there was considerable talk about fuel gas, it is known that "Capt." Henry M. Cross, the World's expert, visited the office of one of the gas companies and asked to be retained by that company to fight the new scheme. He was not retained. After the beginning of the World's as saults he visited certain of the companies, osten sibly for the purpose of getting information as the World's expert about the business of the companies. The information was not obtained The flerceness of the World's assaults was increased during the month of January. mean time the B'orld's expert had established relations with a merchant downtown who had large business interests with the gas companies. On Jan. 24, eleven days before the hearing before the Senate Committee, this merchant was as

tounded at receiving the following letter from the World's expert: New York, Jan. 24, '97. Dear Mr. — : From your asking my office address it occurs to me that you have had in mind the possibility of having some communica-

As the situation is to-day I am still free to not holly in accordance with my own interests. make some concessions to the public in any event. But there are certain plans in the way of organizing and concentrating the opposition, which, if carried out, will make it surely more difficult for the companies, and probably im-

not be done at all, and if I am out of it no one in New York can do it as well. But within a day or two, if not otherwise engaged, I shall be committed to such an extent that I could I am not in the office very much and I suggest that you send a note or telegram if there is any occasion to see me on Monday or Tues-

day. Yours very truly. H. M. CROSS. Of course there was no mistaking the nature of the proposition. It was either that the gas companies should buy the silence of the World's expert and the World or that they should buy their enthusiastic support and advocacy in any position they might take regarding legislation. The World's expert's letter was forwarded to the gas companies. But the companies wished weither to hire the World and its expert to keet still, nor to hire them to present the case of the companies favorably; so the letter was unan swered. Three days later, that is, eight days pefore the legislative hearing, the World's ex pert having gone to Albany to present the World's case to the Senate Committee, he wrote the following letter on Stanwix Hall hotel let

ter paper: ALBANY, N. Y., Jan. 27, 1897.

—: I do not feel that there is any DEAR MIL. ccasion for me to say any more. Please hold my letter in closest confidence. With

best wishes, very truly y'rs,

The proposition having been so plainly put at first, of course there was no need for him "to say any more," except, of course, to hurry along an answer, if one was coming. This letter was forwarded to the companies also, and remained unanswered. The World and its expert then made it hot for the companies at the hearing The expert devoted an hour and a half to doing it, the World said the next day, and the World tself devoted three and a half columns, with a black head running across two columns announcing that "The World expert appears before the Senate Committee and shows conclusively that present charges are extertionate." There was a lot more about the "People's Champion" and all that. The argument of the World's expert was littered with abuse founded on ignorance and cheap clap-trap about watered stocks and fraudulent gas bills. The World said "Capt. Cross was particular to say at the very outset that his familiarity with the manufacture and distribu tion of gas warranted him in refraining from reflecting upon the methods of business follow by the gas companies." He also refreshed for